



```

*
> apply(kortyzol,2,FUN=mean,na.rm=T)
gruczolak    rozrost      rak
 2.966667   8.180000  19.720000
> apply(kortyzol,2,FUN=sd,na.rm=T)
gruczolak    rozrost      rak
 0.9244818  3.7891072 19.2388149

> t.test(gruczolak,rozrost)

  Welch Two Sample t-test

data: gruczolak and rozrost
t = -4.1499, df = 10.685, p-value = 0.001719
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 -7.988307 -2.438360
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
 2.966667   8.180000

> t.test(gruczolak,rak)

  Welch Two Sample t-test

data: gruczolak and rak
t = -1.9453, df = 4.015, p-value = 0.1233
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 -40.628334   7.121667
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
 2.966667  19.720000

> t.test(rozrost,rak)

  Welch Two Sample t-test

```

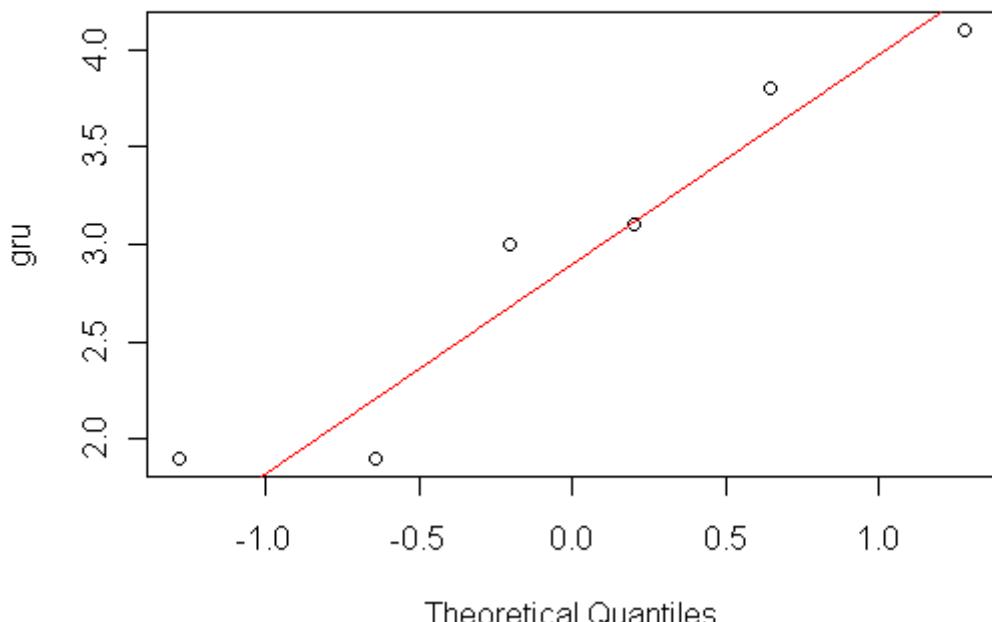
```

data: rozrost and rak
t = -1.3284, df = 4.156, p-value = 0.2523
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
-35.30587 12.22587
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
8.18     19.72
> kort <-
data.frame(0.1*c(31,30,19,38,41,19,83,38,39,78,91,154,77,65,57,136,
+ 102,92,96,538,158),c(rep(gru,6),rep(roz,10),rep(rak,5)))
> colnames(kort) <- c("kortyzol","choroba")

> qqnorm(kort$kortyzol[choroba=="gru"],ylab="gru")
> qqline(kort$kortyzol[choroba=="gru"],col="red")

```

### Normal Q-Q Plot

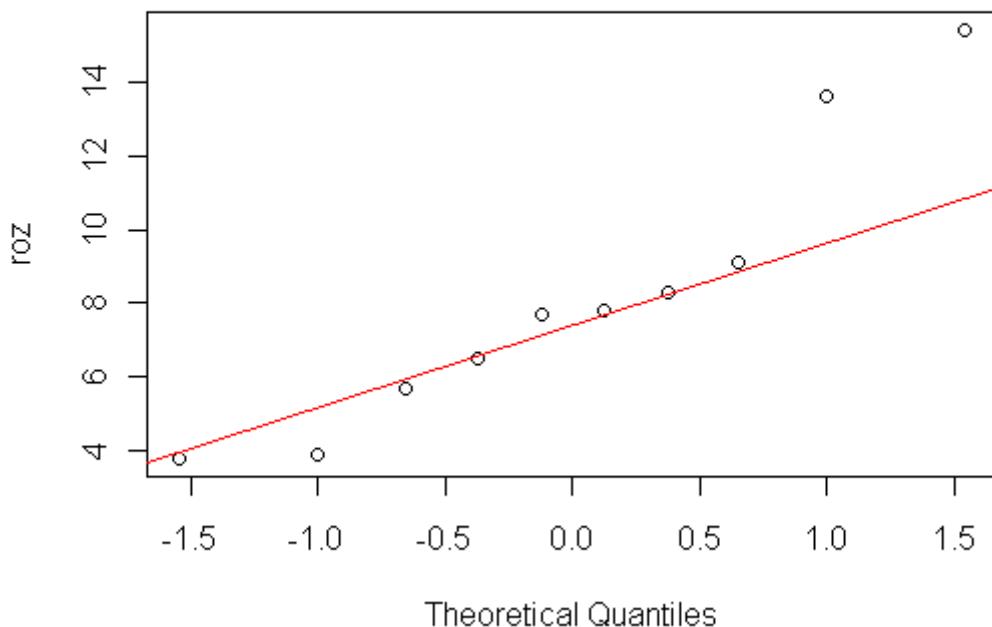


```

> qqnorm(kort$kortyzol[choroba=="roz"],ylab="roz")
> qqline(kort$kortyzol[choroba=="roz"],col="red")

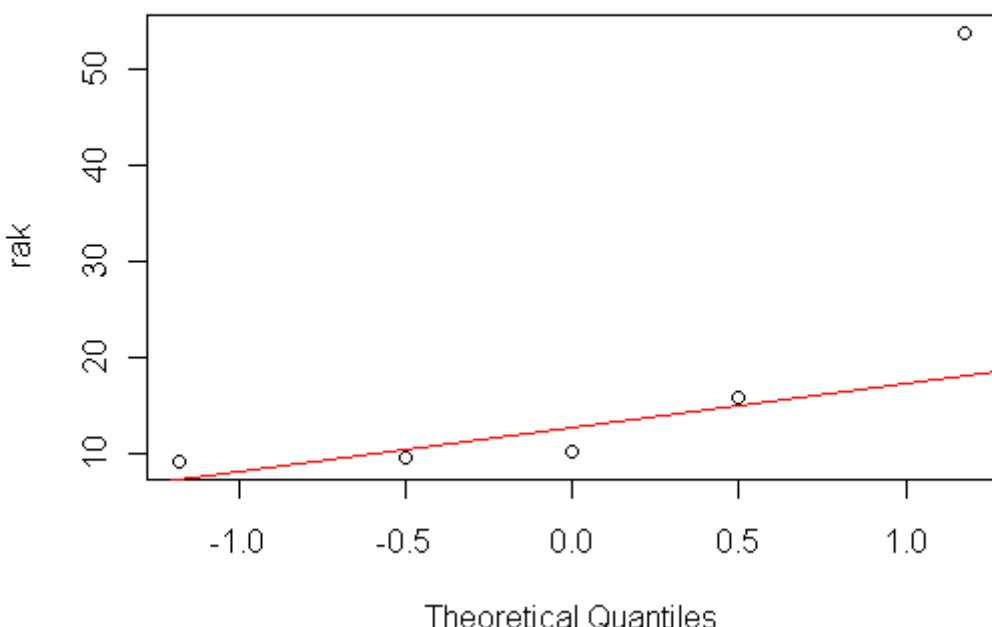
```

### Normal Q-Q Plot



```
> qqnorm(kort$kortyzol[choroba=="rak"], ylab="rak")
> qqline(kort$kortyzol[choroba=="rak"], col="red")
```

### Normal Q-Q Plot



```
> (mkor <- log(apply(kortyzol, 2, FUN=median, na.rm=T)))
gruczolak    rozrost      rak
1.115142  2.047693  2.322388
> (iqrkor <- log(apply(kortyzol, 2, FUN=IQR, na.rm=T)))
gruczolak    rozrost      rak
0.3715636 1.0986123 1.8245493
```

```

> summary(lm(iqrkor~mkor))

Call:
lm(formula = iqrkor ~ mkor)

Residuals:
gruczolak   rozrost     rak
 0.05457 -0.23981  0.18525

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -0.9044    0.6537 -1.383  0.398
mkor         1.0953    0.3441  3.183  0.194

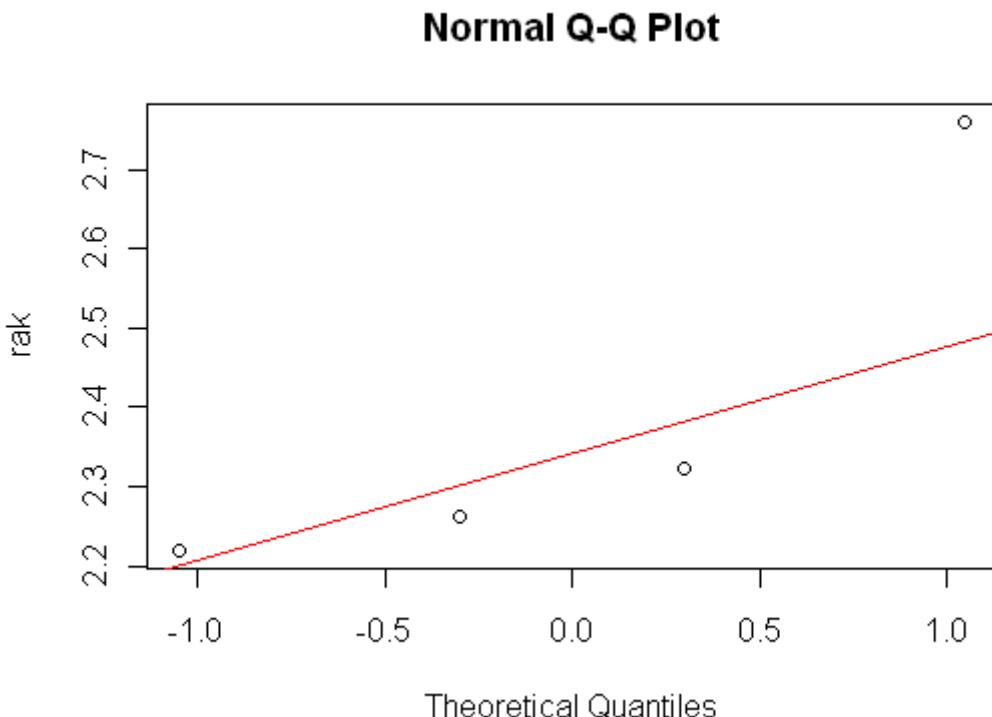
Residual standard error: 0.3079 on 1 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9102, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8204
F-statistic: 10.13 on 1 and 1 DF, p-value: 0.1938

```

```

> apply(log(kortyzol),2,FUN=mean,na.rm=T)
gruczolak   rozrost     rak
1.043285  2.007256  2.709728
> apply(log(kortyzol),2,FUN=sd,na.rm=T)
gruczolak   rozrost     rak
0.3326928  0.4602950 0.7451282

```



```

> kort.log <- transform(kort, logkrtz1=log(krtz1))
> kort.log.m <- lm(logkrtz1~choroba,data=kort.log)
> summary(kort.log.m)

Call:
lm(formula = logkrtz1 ~ choroba, data = kort.log)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
-0.67225 -0.40143  0.04687  0.20102  1.27555 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept)  0.04687   0.12500   0.375   0.709    
choroba     0.20102   0.12500   1.608   0.113    

```

```

(Intercept) 1.0433 0.2082 5.011 9.06e-05 ***
chorobarak 1.6664 0.3088 5.397 3.97e-05 ***
chorobaroz 0.9640 0.2633 3.660 0.00179 **
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.51 on 18 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.6249, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5832
F-statistic: 14.99 on 2 and 18 DF, p-value: 0.0001472

> anova(kort.log.m)
Analysis of Variance Table

Response: logkrtzl
          Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
choroba   2 7.7971 3.8985 14.991 0.0001472 ***
Residuals 18 4.6811 0.2601
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

#zad 2
> co2 <- c(8.220, 19.296, 25.479, 31.186,
+ 12.594, 31.115, 34.951, 39.237,
+ 11.301, 18.891, 20.688, 21.403,
+ 15.255, 28.200, 32.862, 41.677,
+ 11.069, 26.765, 34.730, 43.448,
+ 10.481, 28.414, 35.830, 45.351)
> dni <- rep(c(24,30,35,38),6)
> poziom <- c(rep("w",12),rep("n",12))
> dni.f <- as.factor(dni)
> poziom.f <- as.factor(poziom)
> dw.mf <- lm(co2~dni.f+poziom.f)
> summary(dw.mf)

Call:
lm(formula = co2 ~ dni.f + poziom.f)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q      Median      3Q      Max 
-12.3256 -2.6142 -0.1498  3.0910  8.9899 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) 14.808     2.345   6.314 4.64e-06 ***
dni.f30     13.960     2.966   4.706 0.000154 ***
dni.f35     19.270     2.966   6.496 3.18e-06 ***
dni.f38     25.564     2.966   8.618 5.46e-08 ***
poziom/fw   -6.643     2.098  -3.167 0.005074 ** 
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 5.138 on 19 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.827, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7906
F-statistic: 22.71 on 4 and 19 DF, p-value: 5.109e-07

> dw.mf2 <- lm(co2~dni.f*poziom.f)
> summary(dw.mf2)

Call:
lm(formula = co2 ~ dni.f * poziom.f)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q      Median      3Q      Max 
-9.206 -1.794   0.106   1.482   8.628 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) 12.268     2.879   4.261 0.000597 ***
dni.f30     15.525     4.071   3.813 0.001530 ** 

```

```

dni.f35          22.206    4.071   5.454 5.30e-05 ***
dni.f38          31.224    4.071   7.669 9.55e-07 ***
poziom/fw       -1.563    4.071   -0.384 0.706050
dni.f30:poziom/fw -3.129    5.758   -0.543 0.594324
dni.f35:poziom/fw -5.871    5.758   -1.020 0.323039
dni.f38:poziom/fw -11.320   5.758   -1.966 0.066896 .
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

Residual standard error: 4.986 on 16 degrees of freedom  
 Multiple R-squared: 0.8628, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8028  
 F-statistic: 14.37 on 7 and 16 DF, p-value: 8.059e-06

```

> dw.mf3 <- lm(co2~dni.f+poziom.f:dni.f)
> summary(dw.mf3)

```

Call:  
`lm(formula = co2 ~ dni.f + poziom.f:dni.f)`

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-9.206	-1.794	0.106	1.482	8.628

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	12.268	2.879	4.261	0.000597 ***
dni.f30	15.525	4.071	3.813	0.001530 **
dni.f35	22.206	4.071	5.454	5.30e-05 ***
dni.f38	31.224	4.071	7.669	9.55e-07 ***
dni.f24:poziom/fw	-1.563	4.071	-0.384	0.706050
dni.f30:poziom/fw	-4.692	4.071	-1.153	0.266043
dni.f35:poziom/fw	-7.435	4.071	-1.826	0.086561 .
dni.f38:poziom/fw	-12.883	4.071	-3.164	0.006012 **

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 4.986 on 16 degrees of freedom  
 Multiple R-squared: 0.8628, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8028  
 F-statistic: 14.37 on 7 and 16 DF, p-value: 8.059e-06

```

> nd<-data.frame(dni.f=as.factor(35),poziom.f)
> predict(dw.mf3,nd)

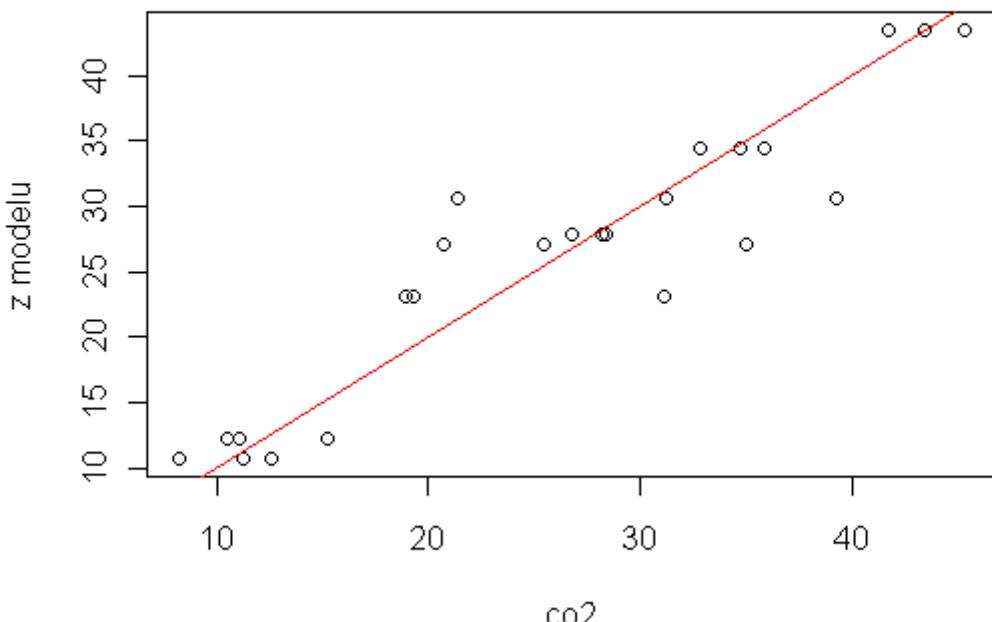
```

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
27.03933	27.03933	27.03933	27.03933	27.03933	27.03933	27.03933	27.03933
27.03933							
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
27.03933	27.03933	27.03933	34.47400	34.47400	34.47400	34.47400	34.47400
34.47400							
19	20	21	22	23	24		
34.47400	34.47400	34.47400	34.47400	34.47400	34.47400		

```

> yy <- fitted(dw.mf3)
> plot(co2,yy,xlab="co2",ylab="z modelu")
> abline(0,1,col=2)

```



```
# zad 3
> czas <- c(0,15,30,45,60)
> mod.log <- lm(log(zmiany)~czas)
> zmiany <- c(271,108,59,29,12)
> mod.log <- lm(log(zmiany)~czas)
> summary(mod.log)

Call:
lm(formula = log(zmiany) ~ czas)

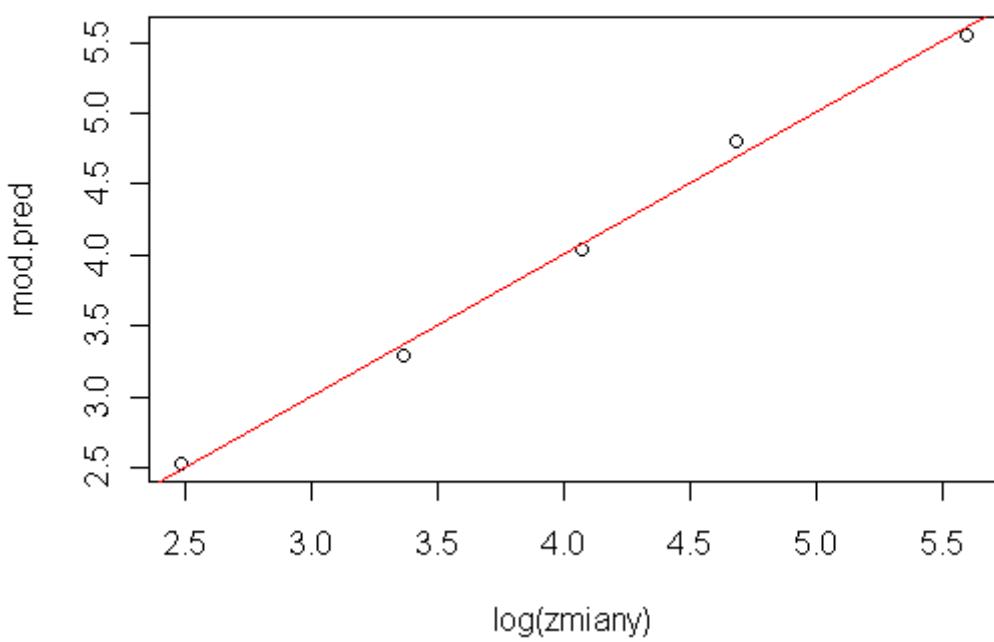
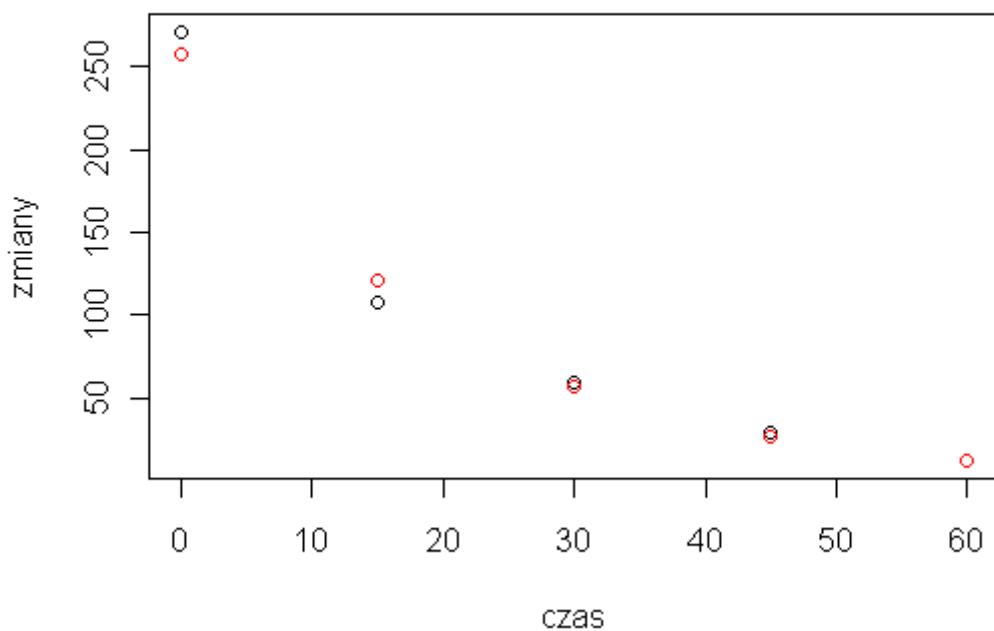
Residuals:
      1       2       3       4       5 
0.04947 -0.11559  0.03474  0.07942 -0.04804 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) 5.552650  0.071598 77.55 4.73e-06 ***
czas        -0.050328  0.001949 -25.83 0.000127 ***  
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.09243 on 3 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared:  0.9955,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.994 
F-statistic:  667 on 1 and 3 DF,  p-value: 0.0001273

> nczas <- data.frame (czas=czas)
> mod.pred <- predict(mod.log,nczas)
> mod.pred
      1       2       3       4       5 
5.552650 4.797724 4.042798 3.287872 2.532946 
> plot(log(zmiany),mod.pred)
> abline(0,1,col=2)

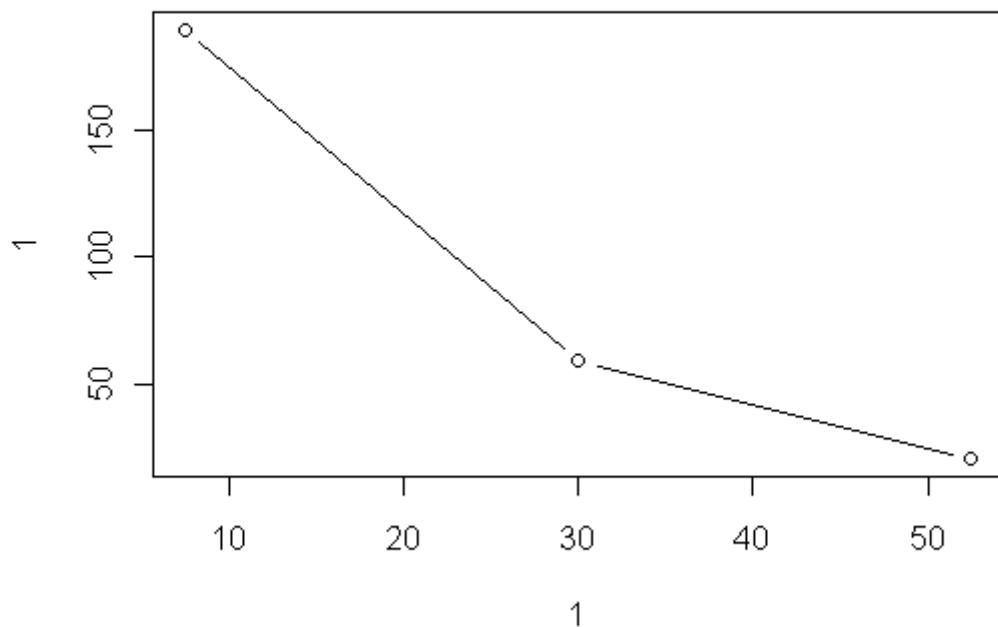
> plot(czas,zmiany)
> points(czas,exp(mod.pred),col=2)
```



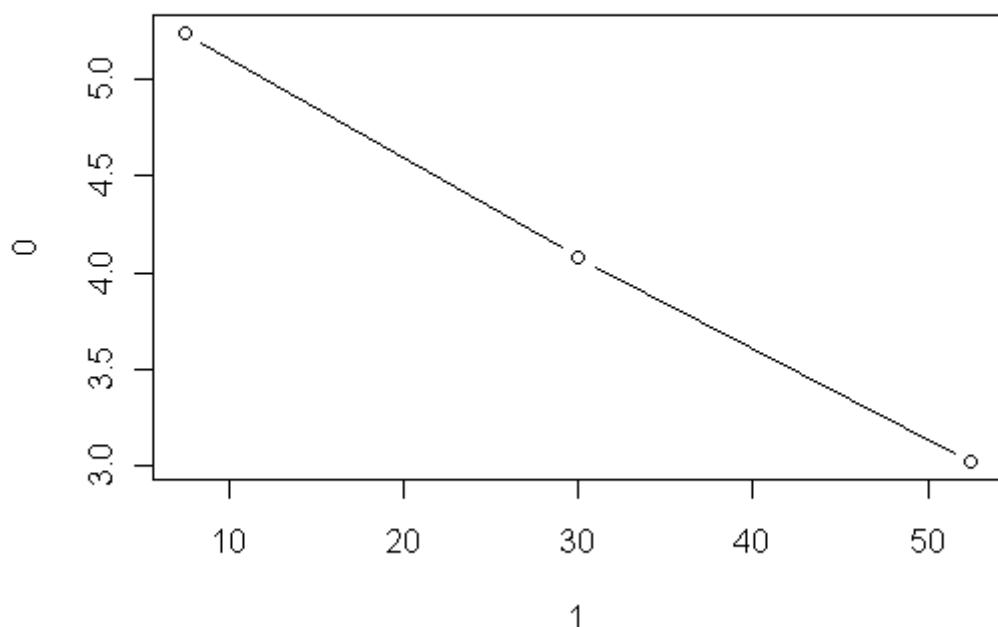
```
*  
> strzalkaTukeya(czas,zmiany)
```

```
potęga x = 1 potęga y = 1  
błąd = 0.5443787 b1 = -5.8 b2 = -1.711111
```

```
potęga (x/y), koniec - ESC
```



wybierz x,y,ESC: y



potęga x = 1 potęga y = 0  
błąd = 0.04934388 b1 = -0.05186007 b2 = -0.04698278

PRZYBLIŻONE RÓWNANIE REGRESJI: a = 5.61505 b = -0.04942143